ASMS 2023 Mass Spectral Libraries Interest Group Workshop Report

June 5, 2023, 5:45pm - 7:00pm (Central), Ballroom C

Topic: Exploring the World of Mass Spectral Libraries, Library Search Software and Their Applications

Organizers: Emma Rennie (Agilent)

Xiaoyu Yang (NIST)

Melinda McFarland (FDA)

Panelists: Michael MacCoss (University of Washington)

Stephen Stein (NIST)

Lloyd Sumner (University of Missouri)

Arpana Vaniya (UC Davis)

Mingxun Wang (UC Riverside)

The use of mass spectral (MS) libraries has become increasingly popular for its rapid and reliable data analysis capabilities, making it an essential tool in compound identification in various fields, such as metabolomics, health sciences, pharmaceuticals, forensics, food science, agriculture, and environmental research. This successful workshop served as a forum for 300 participants to explore new developments, applications, and software tools related to mass spectral libraries. It also facilitated discussions on critical aspects like the need for library development, enhancing library quality, optimizing search results, and sharing and storing public data. The workshop consisted of 3 parts: exceptional survey response, brief informative presentations, and interactive Q/A discussion.

- The workshop kicked off with Emma at the front and enthusiastic participation from the audience, with attendees actively responding to critical questions and participating in polls via the AhaSlides app (see representative survey feedback below*). The direct and genuine feedback, answers, and suggestions provided by the audience will be very helpful in developing mass spectral libraries of higher quality and practicality.
- 2. Next, a panel of 5 experts specializing in mass spectral library technology delivered concise presentations on recent developments and practical applications of MS libraries, along with the effective utilization of associated software tools for compound identification. Professor Lloyd Sumner provided insights into metabolite identification, focusing on the utilization of mass spectral libraries, computational prediction, and empirical UHPLC-MS-SPE-NMR techniques. He also highlighted the need for spectral sharing to advance the development of comprehensive mass spectral libraries for the mass spectrometry community. Professor Michael MacCoss focused on the integration of retention time in mass spectral libraries in the Skyline software package, enabling more accurate peptide identification. Dr. Arpana Vaniya talked about the advantages and utility of software tools like MS Dial, Entropy searching software, and MassBank for compound identification in untargeted metabolomics. Professor Mingxun Wang discussed how analog searching in a tandem mass spectral library improved the identification. Finally, Dr. Stephen Stein introduced a novel library searching strategy called "Prior Probability" that aims to enhance compound identification in

library searches. He also mentioned the newly released NIST23 mass spectral libraries as a valuable resource for more accurate compound identification.

- 3. Afterwards, there was an interactive Q&A discussion between the panelists and audiences. Through active participation, they shared valuable insights, diverse opinions, helpful suggestions, constructive comments, concerns, and problems related to the MS library's quality, library of retention time or retention index, library searching, false positive identification, and data sharing and storage, etc.
- * Some survey feedbacks:





🕻 AhaS

What do you think we can do to make MS library matching more useful?

(Contributing more data	Enforce data sharing	No idea
(Consolidated libraries	More compounds	Larger libraries.
(Vendor neutral	Not sure	Method specification requirements
	More visual output!	Expand	more metadata
	Incorporate sample preparation metadata into search criteria	Standardize the criteria for what is a "good" match.	Data sharing
	Refine algorithms	Not sure	Consolidated Libraries
	Expand our libraries	Enrich abundance and wideness	Data sharing with specific information
ĺ	Easier access to libraries	Let more know how to use libraries	No idea
	Standardization	Data sharing recommendations	integrate libraries
	Fragment matching	Larger libraries	More TMS derivatives
(More analytes represented	Novel strategies	Share the data/library
(Encourage data sharing	Sample preparation data	Make them free
	Develop software with a standard msms	Have a group comparison done to give	Data harmonization
	format	%cl confidence.	Common standards
	Design better AI model for MS prediction	Share more data Improvise existing library	Practice, more standards, more lcms runs
	cross checking	Need more love	Make it more accessible to new users
	By feeding more real data	More data	Share data
	Your idea	Sharing and merging of databases	Add variety of modification datasets
	Always keep metadata and curation level stored with spectra	Higher accuracy in intensity prediction	Make easier to submit to public database
	High quality libraries.	Use orthogonal data ie retention indices, ccs, positive and negative data	More shared and curated data to represent many instruments
	Remove contaminants		Adding more authentic standard spectra
			to the libraries using different instruments

What do you think we can do to make MS library matching more useful?

automatic updates to ms processing software

Share the spectra and enhance the in silico fragmentation

Standardized configuration

Matrix matched lib generated with same instrument.

Curate, use only high quality data

Vendor neutral and open

Transfer learning for tuning fragmentation models

enable imperfect matching algorithmsfocus on chimerc spectra

- sets for multiple MS instrument settings

Come to poster bbbnb 116 on thursday on RAPTOR

Highlight key differences between actual spectra v.s library spectra

Curation of fragment m/z values

High quality

Fragment pattern matching

More peptide PTM support

MS2 experimental library and data sharing

Expand

Validation tools with AI and computational chemistry

Better UI

.

More empirical data

We need more libraries made on multiple different instruments using different collision energies in both positive and negative mode.

Standardize how to define a "good" match, with some levels

Curated....in space and metadata!

More compounds

Orthogonal information

Expand libraries

More smileys in the survey

Encourage deposition of spectra acquired in different instruments, methods, etc

accept more annotation format

Have libraries built using different matrices instead of standard compounds

C AhaS

Vendor neutral

Fragments leading to analogues recommendations

Have a common secured platform where a community can share their data around the world

Use fragmentation methods alternative to CID/HCD

contribute more data from more instruments

Fragment annotation

More information of instrument parameters sample prep ect

Use of metadata

Use high quality library

Talk to vendors of standard products of natural products to collaborate

Merge all DB into one single one

Panelists and workshop organizers:

